Bridgeport Hospital Laboratory Critical values (5/2025)

#### **Bridgeport Hospital Campus:**

#### CORE LAB MICROBIOLOGY

- 1) CSF: positive Gram stain.
- 2) Positive PCR: Salmonella, Shigella, Campylobacter, Yersinia, E. coli O157:H7, Vibrio, Rotavirus, Shigatoxin (inpatient only).
- 3) Positive Malaria/Babesia/Ehrlichia blood film

#### **BLOOD BANK**

DAT positive results Critical Situations as defined in Immunohematology Policy (Critical alerts in Blood Bank)

#### **CHEMISTRY**

Acetaminophen		>150 µg/mL
Ammonia		>100 µmol/L
Glucose	<=50	>=400 mg/dL
Sodium	<=120	>=160 mmol/L
Potassium	<=2.5	>=6.0 mmol/L
Calcium	<=6.5	>=13.0 mg/dL
Creatinine delta		>=1.50mg/dL for all patients with a baseline creatinine of <= 1.50 mg/dL >=3.00 mg/dL for all patients with a baseline creatinine of 1.50-5.00 mg/dL.
Phosphorus	<=1.2 mg/dL	
Magnesium	<=1.0	>=5.0 mg/dL
CO <sub>2</sub>	<=12	>=45 mmol/L
Bilirubin, Total (< 1	vear)	$\sim 10.0$ m $\sim/4$
	jeur)	>=10.0  mg/dL
Bilirubin, Total (1-17	-	>=10.0  mg/dL >=15.0  mg/dL
Bilirubin, Total (1-17) Iron (< 1 year)	-	C C
	-	>=15.0 mg/dL

Ethanol	>=400 mg/dL
Gentamicin, Trough	>2.0 µg/mL
Gentamicin, Peak	>12.0 µg/mL
Lactic acid	>=4.0 mmol/L
Lithium	>=2.00 mmol/L
Phenobarbital	>=45.0 µg/mL
Phenytoin	$>=30.0\mu\text{g/mL}$
Salicylate	>30.0 mg/dL
High Sensitivity Troponin T	>=100 ng/L (once daily per patient)
Valproic Acid	>=200.0 µg/mL
Vancomycin, Random	>=60.0µg/mL
Vancomycin, Trough	$>=20.0 \mu g/mL$

# \*\*<u>BLOOD GASES</u>

pН	<7.20	>7.60	
PCO <sub>2</sub>	<20	>70	mmHg
PO <sub>2</sub>	<55 mmHg(a	rterial s	amples)
Glucose	<=50	>=400	) mg/dL
Sodium	<=120	>=160	) mmol/L
Potassium	<=2.5	>=6.0	mmol/L
MetHb		>5.0	%
COHb		>15	%
Ionized Calci	um <3.3	>6.2	mg/dL

\*\* Repeat phone calls are not necessary for blood gases, except for the operating room, and when values return to normal and are now critical again.

## Urine (Newborns only)

Reducing substances	Trace positive or more
Glucose	1/20 or greater
Ketones	1+ or more

SURGICAL PATHOLOGY		
Frozen section results		
Fat on endoscopic biopsy or endometrial curettage	Positive	
Uterine contents without villi or trophoblast	Positive	
Mesothelial cells in a heart biopsy	Positive	

## Pathology

Crescents in >50% of glomeruli in a kidney biopsy

Unexpected finding of Leukocytoclastic vasculitis

Transplant rejection

Malignancy in superior vena cava syndrome

Neoplasms causing paralysis

Significant disagreement between frozen section and final diagnosis, or in clinical and pathologic diagnosis

Unexpected malignancy on pathology

Unexpected or discrepant findings

Significant disagreement between immediate interpretation and final FNA diagnosis

Significant disagreement between primary pathologist and outside pathologist consultation

Herpes in Pap smears of near-term pregnant patients

Invasive organism in unexpected clinical site, clinically significant site, or immunocompromised patients (e.g. bacteria in heart valve or bone marrow)

Pneumocycstis, fungi or viral cytopathic changes in BAL. or brush cytology specimens

Unexpected findings of Toxic Epidermal necrolysis, erythema multiforme, or Stevens-Johnson syndrome

Pathologic diagnosis with immediate implications for clinical management.

Test	Population	Critical Type	Critical
			≤0.5 - Call
ANC	ED and Outpatient		every
	(Excluding Smilow)	Low	occurrence
WBC	All (cancel call and comment for known		
WBC	lymphoproliferative disease)	High	>50.0
	15 days - 199 years	High	>20.0
	0 - 14 days	High	≥ 22.0
	15 days - 199 years	Low	<6.5
HGB	0 - 14 days	Low	<8.9
пор	<u> </u>		<6.5 and
			decrease ≥1.5
			-Call every
	All	Delta	occurrence
	15 days - 199 years	High	≥1000
	0 - 14 days	High	≥800
	15 days - 199		
	years(Non Smilow)	Low	≤30
	0 - 14 days	Low	≤50
PLT	Smilow	Low	≤10
	L&D	Low	≤100
			10 - 40 and
			50% Decrease
			– Call every
	All	Delta	occurrence
Band %	All	High	>40
			Present - Call first occurrence
Parasite	All	High	of stay
		8	Present - Call
			every
Bacteria/Yeast	All	High	occurrence
Body Fluids		8	
,			
Fluid ANC-	Peritoneal and		
BH only	Ascites only	High	>250

			Present-Call
			every
Bacteria/ Yeast	All	High	occurrence

#### BH & MCBH Coagulation: call each occurrence:

PTT >=120 seconds/ "no clot" INR>=5 Fibrinogen <100 mg/dL

# Unless noted in the table above Hematology critical will be called first occurrence then every 5 days afterwards.

- B. Other Significant Data
  - a. Blasts Present
    - i. First time finding will be escalated to the pathologist for review. The Pathologist will communicate findings with the care team.

#### **<u>Critical Values at the Milford Campus:</u>**

CHEMISTRY	LOW	HIGH
Ammonia		>100µmol/L
Sodium	<120 mmol/L	>160 mmol/L
Potassium	<2.5 mmol/L	>6.5 mmol/L
Total CO2	<10 mmol/L	>40 mmol/L
Chloride	<80 mmol/L	>115 mmol/L
Creatinine delta Ethanol		>=1.50mg/dL for all patients with a baseline creatinine of <= 1.50 mg/dL >=3.00 mg/dL for all patients with a baseline creatinine of 1.50-5.00 mg/dL. >=400mg/dL
Glucose Calcium	<=50 mg/dL <6.9 = mg/dL	>=400 mg/dL >=12.1 mg/dL
Phosphorus	<1.0 mg/dL	>10 mg/dL
Magnesium	<1.0 mg/dL	>4.1 mg/dL
Total Bilirubin (0-1 r	nonth)	>19 mg/dL
Acetaminophen		$>150 \mu g/mL$

Gentamicin, Trough	$>2.0 \ \mu g/mL$
Gentamicin, Peak or Random	$>12.0\mu g/mL$
High Sensitivity Troponin T	>=100 ng/L (once daily)
Vancomycin, Random	$>=60.0  \mu g/mL$
Vancomycin, Trough	$>=20.0 \ \mu g/mL$

# **BLOOD BANK**

Any undue delay in the blood bank under the following circumstances:

- 1) Before surgery
- 2) Inability to crossmatch
- 3) Inability to procure blood

## **BLOOD GASES**

pH	<7.20	>7.60		
PCO <sub>2</sub>	<20	>70	mmHg	
PO <sub>2</sub>	<55 mmHg (arterial samples)			
MetHb	>5.0%			
СОНЬ	>15%			
Ionized Calcium	<3.3	>6.2	mg/dL	
Lactic Acid	≥ 4.0		Mmol/L	

# **ANATOMIC PATHOLOGY**

Pathology "criticals" will be called immediately to the submitting or attending physician by the pathologist.

1) The discovery of any unexpected malignancy or other life-altering pathology

# **REFERRED TESTING**

1) Any positive HIV antibody